

FROM WASHINGTON.

Special Correspondence of the Alex. Gazette.
WASHINGTON, D. C., April 9, 1880.

The House Committee on Commerce are hard at work with the River and Harbor bill and hope to have it ready to be reported to the House sometime next week. The only change made to day in the bill as reported from the subcommittee was one at the instance of Gen. Baile, making the appropriation for a Virginia river \$10,000 instead of \$3,000.

The House Committee on Foreign Affairs this morning agreed to report favorably Mr. Cox's bill for a world's fair in New York in 1883.

The House Committee on Ways and Means report the whole morning is considering the bill for reducing the tariff on hopkins, but the morning hour of the House arrived before a vote could be taken. It may be, however, that the committee will come together again to day and definitely decide the bill's fate.

The Appropriations Committee of the House are now engaged upon the fortification and general defense bill, both of which they partially considered to day, but neither of which will be ready to be reported for several days yet.

The Senate Excess Committee had before them this morning Col. A. J. Johnston, land commissioner of the Alabama, Topeka and Santa Fe railroad, a republican; Major Allen, Ottawa, Kansas, a democrat, and J. H. Barch, a democrat from New Orleans. Their evidence was of the same character as most of that which has preceded it. This committee, the necessity for which was questioned by Mr. Windom's scheme for reorganizing Indiana and incidentally of depriving the South of its labor, is becoming quite a bore, and a very tiresome one to both sides, and, too, all that the committee witnesses examined have proved—namely, that the negroes have been deceived by radical emissaries into leaving comfortable homes where they are wanted and going to an unwholesome climate where they are not wanted, and all this for no other purpose than to put republican votes where they are most wanted, and to injure the South—as was well known before as it is now, and could not be better known if the investigation were to continue all the summer.

When the bill authorizing the printing of 300,000 copies of the agricultural report came up in the Senate to day, Mr. Blaine wanted it amended so as to give 75,000 copies to the Senate—that is, 1,000 copies to each member.

In the Senate to day, on motion of Mr. Johnston, the Venezuela claims bill was referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations.

The Senatorial democratic caucus reassembled this morning and resumed the consideration of the question of the advisability of taking immediate action upon the Spofford-Kellogg contested election case. The debate was of the same character as that of yesterday's two meetings of the caucus, the older and some of the more moderate men of the party being averse to taking the bill up to the delay of what they consider more important bills, but Mr. Voorhees and some of the younger men of the party advising speedy action. The caucus adjourned without definite action until ten o'clock to-morrow. One of the members from a far Southern State informed your correspondent this morning that he had no doubt the case would be pressed, but neither older and older member informed him that he thought the Geneva Award bill and the Appropriation bills would be considered first and that the contested election case would have to take its turn.

At the meeting of the House District Committee to-day Mr. Moore, clerk in charge of the special assessments in the office of the Commissioners of the District, testified that he had had fifteen fraudulent drawback certificates presented to him, and that his attention had been directed to them by the District Committee, and that he had knowledge of several others which he had brought to the attention of the Commissioners and that the Commissioners had referred them to the District Attorney.

Major Bob Hunter and Capt. J. Y. Williams, of Winchester, were at the Capitol to day and visited Senators Gordon, Vance and Voorhees, and Representatives Backus and Cox to address a meeting of the democracy of the lower Valley to be held in their town on Monday the 31st of May. The invitations were accepted and the meeting, it is expected, will be one of the largest ever held in Winchester.

A proffer was established to-day at Rest, Frederick county, Va., with Miss Bettie Lee, Payne as postmaster, and C. E. James was appointed postmaster at Spotsylvania, Sperry county, vice A. H. Seward, deceased.

Mr. Wolz, a well known Virginia republican, is conversing that State for a straight republican presidential electoral ticket, and says that such a ticket will be decided upon at the State republican convention to be held in Staunton. He also says that Senator Mahone came to Washington in response to a telegram from Senator Don Cameron and that when there transmitted that Senator that he would secure Grant the delegates to the Chicago Convention to be nominated at Staunton, but would not pledge himself to vote for Grant. This looks very much as if the General were trying the impossible feat of securing from the wildest politician among the republicans a reward for work that is already done and that he had no part in accomplishing, for that Grant will receive the republican vote of Virginia as an assured fact long before the Staunton Convention was even talked about.

Mr. Grove, a republican from Harrisonburg, Va., and Mr. Graybill, a democrat from Woodstock, in the same State, were at the Capitol to day. The former says that Mr. Paul has been making advances to his party, but that he meets with no response; that his party are in favor of no alliances with any other party, and are for running a straight republican ticket, for which the republicans, if they choose, can vote, and that the republicans are but a small faction in his section of the State. The latter says that he has few democrats in his county will allow a difference of opinion as to the amount of principal and rate of interest of the State debt to induce them to desert their political friends in other States in their coming contest for a national instead of a sectional president.

Col. Corbitt, United States Attorney for the District of Columbia, informed your correspondent this morning that the case of the U. S. vs. Nowland and Billinger of Alexandria is still before the Grand Jury, but of course he could not tell what would come of it. The witnesses that have been examined so far have been J. T. Hunter, T. H. Adams and H. L. Harris. Others have been examined, and when they shall have been examined, the jury will determine whether or not to present an indictment.

Railroad Accident.

WHEELING, W. VA., March 9.—The hind trucks of the rear car of the train which left Baltimore at 3:30 p. m., yesterday, on the Baltimore & Southwestern railroad, when about 18 miles from Baltimore jumped a trestle, and the car went over a distance of fifteen feet.

Five or six passengers were injured—more or less seriously—among them L. M. Armden, of Pittsburgh, hurt in face, back and internally; Wm. Smith, of Woodfield, a leg broken and other serious injuries. Captain Armstrong and daughter, of Baltimore, slightly injured. The reports here are that young Dafoe, the postal clerk, was killed, and three others are badly injured.

Purchase of a Church.

ST. LOUIS, April 9.—The Young Men's Christian Association of this city have purchased the Union Methodist Church at a cost of \$37,000, and will fit it up for the purposes of their organization.

The Countess of Paris has been delivered of a son.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

Over 1,500 immigrants arrived at Baltimore yesterday from Europe and started for the West.

The exports of provisions from Baltimore during the past week were 1,500,000 pounds in excess of any week on record.

The Louisiana Senate has indefinitely postponed the Sunday liquor law and killed the general lottery bill.

One million two hundred thousand dollars was paid into the sub treasury at Chicago yesterday in redemption of the Chicago and Pacific railroad.

The Western Iron Association held a meeting at Pittsburgh yesterday and adopted a resolution that the card rate should be reduced from \$4 to \$3.20, to take effect on the 12th inst.

Mr. Waab, M. D., late librarian of the House of Representatives, died at his home, in North Carolina, a few days ago, of dropsy of the heart.

John Petri, a Scotchman, residing in Baltimore county, Md., on the Hillen road, committed suicide early yesterday morning. He had been married on Tuesday evening last.

The investigation of the Whitaker hazing case at West Point will be begun at once. The physician in attendance is still of the opinion that the negro committed the outrage on himself.

Hon. Alexander H. Stephens is quoted as declaring that Virginia, Tennessee, Mississippi, Louisiana and Georgia will not for one moment listen to the nomination of Mr. Tilden at Cincinnati.

A crowd, containing twenty passengers, of a passenger train on the Baltimore and Southwestern railroad, went over a trestle, eighteen miles from Baltimore, Ohio, last night, and it is reported that William Sanford, son of ex-Congressman Lorenzo Sanford, and several other persons whose names could not be learned were killed.

In the House yesterday the army appropriation bill was discussed in Committee of the Whole and the amendment prohibiting the use of troops at the polls was declared in order—yeas, 103; nays, 92. The democrats then consented to the carrying out of an agreement made before hand, that general discussion of the bill should be allowed.

Hon. W. H. English, of Indiana, has informed an interviewer that he is not a candidate for Vice President, but would like to be Senator if a democratic President is elected, or would feel honored to be Secretary of the Treasury. As to the Presidency, he is not seeking the office, but would accept the nomination if tendered. Of course!

The Oregon State Democratic Convention, at Portland, yesterday nominated five district judges and district attorneys only. The platform advocates economy in public affairs, maintenance of public schools, free elections without interference by military, censures President Hayes for vetoing the Chinese bill, and denounces the third term movement.

FOREIGN NEWS.

The Empress of Russia has gained in strength and appetite during the past week.

A nihilist printing office has been seized at Smolensk by the police.

It is believed that the Spanish council of ministers have advised King Alfonso not to commute the sentence of Otero.

The Municipal Council of Paris has presented Prof. Nordenskjöld with a gold medal struck in his honor.

The Emperor of Germany has refused to accept Prince Bismarck's resignation, and calls on him to advise legislation to solve present difficulties.

Intelligence from Chihuahua, Mexico, reports a seven hours' fight between herders and Indians. Two on each side were killed, including an Indian chief.

The contemplated meeting between the Emperor William and Queen Victoria will not take place, as the venue in England have decided to hasten her return.

Additional returns of the parliamentary elections in Great Britain show that the Liberals have elected 300 members of the House of Commons, the Conservatives 191 and the Home Rulers 39. The Liberals gain thus far is \$5.

The citizens of Ottawa, Ont., and the surrounding towns are greatly excited over the discovery that during the past week there have been stolen no less than eight bodies from the cemetery at Papineauville.

A commission of four members has been appointed to administer the registration and assessment of land in Egypt, in the place of Store Pasha (Gen. Stone), who hitherto has been director of that department.

The bishops at the head of the Paris Catholic University have decided to conform to the law as embodied in M. Jules Ferry's educational bill by altering the name of the institution to that of "The Catholic Institute."

The bishop of Angers has induced his diocesan, the Archbishop of Tours, and the suffragan bishops of the archdiocese to read a joint episcopal letter to President Grey protesting against the decrees relative to unauthorized religious congregations.

VIRGINIA NEWS.

Burr P. Chambliss, an esteemed citizen of Loudoun county, died on Monday last.

The ladies of Warren's gave a brilliant leap year germ on Friday evening last.

James M. Bowen, a leading citizen of Albemarle county, died last week, in the 88th year of his age.

Powhatan county, on the 20th of May will vote on the question of subscribing \$50,000 in aid of the proposed Richmond and Southwestern railroad.

The "Wilson" farm, 363 acres, in Loudoun county, owned by the heirs of Gustavus Lerner, has been sold to Charles R. Paxton for \$25 per acre.

The council of the Virginia Amateur Oarsmen's Association has fixed July 6 for the second annual regatta, to be held on the Rappahannock at Fredericksburg. Crews from other States will be invited to contest in the races.

Jurisdiction of Justices.

Chap. 108.—An act to amend section 1, chap. 147, Code of 1873, in relation to the jurisdiction of Justices. Approved February 27, 1880.

1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia, That section 1, of chap. 147 of the Code of 1873, be amended and re-enacted so as to read as follows:

§ 1. Any claim to property or to any debt, fine or other money which would be recoverable by action at law or suit in equity, shall when the claim is to a fine, if the amount does not exceed twenty dollars, and in other cases if the claim be not of greater value or amount than one hundred dollars (exclusive of interest), be cognizable by a justice, and even if the claim be for or against the town or county in which such justice resides; but in every case where the sum or thing in controversy exceeds the amount of twenty dollars, the justice shall, upon the application of the defendant at any time before trial, remove the cause to the court of the county or corporation wherein the same shall be brought, and the clerk of said court shall docket the same, and it shall be proceeded in as if it were a motion in said court under the 6th section of chap. 163, of which the notice was docketed, at the time such case is so docketed.

[This act goes into effect July 1, 1880.]

Common sense, for all cases of Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, etc., use Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup.

The Execution in Leesburg To-day.

Special Dispatch to the Alexandria Gazette.

LEESBURG, Va., April 9.—Samuel J. Robinson, convicted at the January term of the County Court of the murder of Edward Thomas, was hung in the yard of the jail at this place, this morning at six o'clock.

On the 22d of October Robinson with other parties, one of whom was the murdered man, were engaged in playing cards, at a saloon in the neighborhood, until late in the evening. He had a quarrel with Thomas, and they parted at enmity with each other. On the evening of that day, about eight or nine o'clock, Robinson armed himself with a loaded gun and went out on the road leading from Leesburg to the Aldie Turnpike, along which he knew his victim would pass in a few minutes, where he secreted himself behind a cluster of bushes and awaited his arrival.

Thomas soon came along on horseback, and when a few steps beyond Robinson, the fatal shot was fired by Robinson, the charge taking effect in the neck and back of Thomas, from which he died in a few days. Being confronted just before death by Robinson, who had been brought to the house by an officer, Thomas declared that he was the man who had shot him. The evidence at the trial was conclusive to the jury, and the court in reviewing the testimony said the jury could not have rendered any other verdict.

Robinson was a bright mulatto, five feet five inches in height, and 25 years of age. He leaves a wife and six children. There was some idea that the condemned man would make a confession, but in this the general expectation was disappointed, at least so far as any written matter is concerned. He constantly expressed a wish that the time for his execution might soon arrive, and that he was tired of life. He had, he said, been of no use to himself or his family or to any one else in the world, and he was willing to go whenever they were ready to send him. He expressed his thanks for the kindness which every one had displayed towards him. The white people of Leesburg have been very considerate of his needs and desires. His only regret was to leave his wife and family behind him. He slept comfortably last night.

The gallows on which the morning light shone ghastly and cold was one of modern construction, with the usual trap and draw hole and trigger to make the death (as he said) horrible as possible. Upon arising this morning the condemned man was in good spirits. His breakfast over, Robinson shook hands and bade a final farewell to his friends and others whom he had known in jail. The solemn procession to the gallows was begun, Robinson, his spiritual advisers and the sheriff moving first. The party ascended the scaffold. Robinson's hands and feet were pinioned, and he took his stand on the trap, as calm and collected as if he stood in church during prayer.

At 6:30 the trap fell and the negro dropped downward, with a force that sounded like the crack of a whip, and although the rope stretched as to allow the toes of the corpse to touch the ground the neck was broken, and when in a second the rope was pulled so as to lift the body it was a dead body that was lifted, and the sentence of the law had been executed. The body hung until seven o'clock, when it was examined by physicians, and not the slightest signs of life remaining, the rope was cut and the remains placed in a coffin.

Some sixty or seventy persons, including representatives from the Alexandria Gazette, and Baltimore and Washington papers, witnessed the execution.

LATER DISPATCH.

LEESBURG, April 9.—Robinson, the murderer, was taken from the jail to the gallows at about 6 o'clock this morning, after he had eaten a light breakfast. He ascended the scaffold without flinching, and Sheriff Carothers adjusted the rope around his neck. A prayer was then offered up by Rev. Mr. Cannon, of the Presbyterian Church, after which a chapter of the Bible was read by a colored minister. During the prayer the culprit rested his head resting on the railing of the scaffold. At the conclusion of the prayer the sheriff asked Robinson if he had anything to say, and was answered emphatically, "No, I have no confession to make." The sheriff then sprung the trap, and the body dangled in the air, the neck being broken, it is supposed, at once. After hanging for nineteen minutes the body was cut down and taken in charge by the jailer, who delivered it over to the relatives and friends of the deceased for interment.

COURT OF APPEALS YESTERDAY.—Glenn vs. the Commonwealth. From the County Court of Hanover county. Reversed, Judge Moore delivering the opinion.

Daguerfield vs. Thompson. From the Circuit Court of the city of Alexandria. Affirmed, Judge Christian delivering the opinion.

Rose and wife vs. Sharpley & Sons. From the Circuit Court of the city of Richmond. Affirmed, Judge Anderson delivering the opinion.

Cardwell vs. Allan, trustee. From the Circuit Court of Prince Edward county. Affirmed, Judge Staples delivering the opinion.

Greenhow, treasurer, vs. Auditor of Public Accounts. From the Circuit Court of the city of Richmond. Affirmed, Judge Buiks delivering the opinion.

Smithson vs. Briggs and wife. Argued by Major John W. Daniel for plaintiff in error and submitted.

EGGIE'S FORTUNE.—The Empress Eugenie's large fortune will not, it is said, go to the Bonaparte. Her heir is to be the Duc de Albe, her nephew, the son of her only sister. The Empress has been accompanied to South Africa by two English ladies, Mrs. Ronald Campbell and Lady Wood. Her voyage has been made remarkably comfortable, three large cabins having been so altered as to form a suite, the first—a sitting room—with lounges, davenport and whatnots; the second, a bed room; the third, a bath room, wonderfully luxuriously appointed; the whole suite lined with charming pale green stuff, like silken tapestry, and panelled in places with mirrors.

Louisville Republicans.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., April 9.—The republican ward elections were held here yesterday to select delegates to the State Convention, to be held next Wednesday. Gen. Grant has carried the city, eight out of twelve wards being instructed to elect him. Two wards were instructed to elect Sherman.

[Communicated.]

The Trumper's Fall.

I knew the colored people of Alexandria who owe, under God, their freedom to Ulysses S. Grant will not be swayed from sending to the Richmond convention, Grant delegates from Alexandria. As men and as a race ingratitude is not their failing. Let them beware of offenders. Where would the colored people be now if all the republicans had, during the war, been mere politicians like Balie and Sherman, and none of them soldiers like Grant—still slaves. The colored masses are for GRANT. Let them see their wishes carried out. The writer is a private citizen—no politician—never ran for an office—never held one—don't want one; but is

A GRANT VIRGINIAN.

CONGRESSIONAL PROCEEDINGS.

WASHINGTON, April 9, 1880.

SENATE.

On motion of Mr. Cameron, of Pa., it was resolved that when the Senate adjourn to day it be to meet on Monday next.

Mr. Logan submitted a resolution directing the Secretary of War to furnish the Senate with any facts that may be in his possession in reference to the recent mutilation of one of the soldiers at West Point.

Messrs. Eaton and Maxey thought the resolution premature. An official investigation of the outrage was known to be in progress, and the Senate would be able to get the official report when it should be made.

In accordance with suggestions by Messrs. Cook and Hoar, Mr. Logan modified his resolution so as to request the President of the U. S. to transmit such information in regard to the affair as in his judgment would not be incompatible with public interest.

On remarks on the resolution Mr. L'gins said the reports regarding the outrage were most extraordinary. He had never heard of a man committing such an outrage on himself, and he wanted the Senate to be furnished with the facts.

The resolution was supported by Messrs. Voorhees, Bruce and Hoar, who feelingly denounced the proceedings of having and the numerous outrages at West Point.

Pending debate the morning hour expired and the resolution went over.

The U. S. bill was taken up, and Mr. Vest addressed the Senate.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Mr. Newberry, of Mich., introduced a bill, which was referred to the Committee on Ways and Means, providing that it shall not be lawful to transport imported goods, wares or merchandise in bond or with duty paid, or any product or manufactures of the U. S. from one port or place therein, when any portion of such transportation is made through any foreign country bordering on the Gulf of Mexico or on the Caribbean Sea, except as the same is permitted by the treaties of the U. S. with such foreign countries, provided, however, that nothing herein contained shall be construed to prohibit the importation or exportation of any goods, wares or merchandise to or from such foreign countries in accordance with existing provisions of law.

The House then at 2 o'clock having refused to lay aside private business, went into Committee of the Whole (Mr. Burrows of Michigan in the chair) on the private calendar.

Death of George R. Taylor.

Mr. George R. Taylor, who for over a quarter of a century has been prominent among St. Louis business men, died at 20 minutes past 12 yesterday afternoon, at his city residence, 1802 Lucas place. Mr. Taylor was seized with a fainting fit at 7 o'clock Sunday morning.

His physicians were called in and applied leeches, producing temporary relief. In the afternoon the symptoms were followed by spasms, which continued up to 2 o'clock next morning. This was succeeded by a state of unconsciousness, in which condition he continued until he passed away at the time above stated, quietly and without a struggle. He died in the Catholic faith, his religious attendants being Rev. Father Gleason and Bishop Ryan.

His disease was congestion of the brain. In December last Mr. Taylor had a similar attack, from which he recovered. He was down town on Saturday last, and visited his daughter, Mrs. McEller, on Leueat street.

Mr. Taylor was born in Alexandria, Virginia, November 11, 1818, and when a young man studied law in that place, afterwards graduating in 1833 at the University of Virginia at Charlottesville, in the same State. He received a license to practice his profession, and in June, 1841, came to St. Louis, as a promising field, where he soon acquired popularity, and formed a partnership with Hon. Wilson Primmo, which continued until 1849. The young attorney soon became known for his energy and public spirit, and was elected a member of the Common Council, where he was instrumental in securing much proper local legislation. After the great fire, which destroyed a large portion of the city on the river front, Mr. Taylor was the first to propose the widening of Main street, which suggestion was ultimately carried out. He was the promoter also of other public measures, and general confidence was shown in his ability by his re-election to the council in 1850-57. In 1858 Mr. Taylor was a candidate for mayor of the city, Mr. O. D. Wiley, the opposing candidate, being elected. In 1859 Mr. Taylor was again elected to the council and served for some time as its president. He was the first to secure the erection of a six story building in St. Louis, and himself occupied Barrum's Hotel, reared at a cost of \$200,000 and at the time the finest structure of the class in the city. It was chiefly through his energy that the old Merchants' Exchange was built on the site of the old market, and the stockholders of this direction manifested their appreciation by presenting him with a costly set of silver as a testimonial. He was elected president of the board of trustees of the building and was also president of an association building a place to which the stockholders were removed, on the corner of Second and Chestnut streets. Subsequently, Mr. Taylor interested himself in railroad enterprises and served for a number of years as president of the Pacific Railroad Company, his business ability and energy conducing not a little to the prosperity of that corporation. In many other public enterprises he was as active a worker, and few citizens of St. Louis have left behind them a record of so many undertakings successfully carried out and productive of general benefit.

Of late years Mr. Taylor took a less active part in business affairs, outside the management of his large property, and devoted most of his time to the society of his family and friends. Mr. Taylor leaves eight children, three sons and five daughters, one of the latter, married, and five died seven years ago.

His wife, Mrs. Mary Kipstein, of Alexandria, Va., who was telegraphed for Sunday, and arrived in the city last night. The funeral will take place at St. John's church.—St. Louis Rep. April 7.

The Eighth Congressional District.

To the editor of the Alexandria Gazette:

The time honored Gazette seems to be the only medium through which the citizens of Fairfax, and, indeed, a great many other counties can introduce their respective candidates to the people of the 8th district for Congressional honors. Doubtless it is a just compliment, and an evidence of its extensive circulation and that its numerous readers are well advised through its columns, and would not be without it, not even should they borrow it [which is often the case.] I desire the privilege you have so generously accorded to others, to present the name of a gentleman, endorsed by a number of influential and leading men of your city and Fairfax county, and to bring his name before the people as a competitor for that high and honorable position. It seems to me early to enter the field with his name, especially as I have not heard whether he would be a candidate, but the way has been opened, and I now think it proper as well as expedient, that the names of all whom the people desire, should be presented thus publicly, and thus early, that their claims may be fully canvassed, and the people better prepared to decide who would be their champion, and the one most likely to lead them to a triumph, and certain victory. Feeling it my duty to the gentleman referred to, and my privilege as well, I take this liberty to present the name of Hon. S. C. Neale, esq., of Alexandria, a suitable and deserving gentleman, as a candidate to represent the 8th Congressional district;

Yours very truly,

W. W. AVERY.

226 King street.

SEED OATS.

Another crop of White Seed Oats just received and for sale by

THOMAS PERRY, Agent.

FOLDING TABLES!

We have in store and for sale a new lot of the above, also the Patent Folding Iron Bedsteads.

McLEAN & UHLER, 75 King st.

CALL AND EXAMINE THE WINDSOR FAMILY COAL. The cheapest and best at

McLEAN & UHLER'S, 75 King st.

APPLES—8 bbls BALDWIN APPLES for sale by

THOMAS PERRY, Agent.

FLOWER SEEDS—Just received a large and splendid assortment, to which we invite the especial attention of the ladies.

JANNEY & CO., Nos. 79 and 152 King street.

50 BUSHELS PRIME NEW YORK EARLY ROSE POTATOES, which I can recommend for the table or for planting, received to-day by

J. C. MILBURN, 10 North Royal St.

CRYSTAL, BRIDGEWATER, WENGER, and CAMERON PROCESS FAMILY FLOUR; also choice EXTRA for sale at

J. C. MILBURN'S, 10 North Royal street.

BLACKING! BLACKING! BLACKING! Masco's Blacking is the best Blacking on hand and for sale in lots to suit.

McLEAN & UHLER, 75 King street.

WOODBURN HARVEN WHEEL CO'S WHEELS, the best patent wheel made, for sale by

J. F. CARLIN & SONS, 226 King street.

10 TUBS CHOICE PACKED BUTTER received to-day and for sale by

R. W. AVERY, 226 King street.

SMALL SUGAR CURED HAMS and SHOULDERS received to-day by

R. W. AVERY, 226 King street.

CHOICE FAMILY FLOUR—25 barrels Choice & Weston's New Process Family Flour, for sale by

GEO. WASHINGTON, Agent.

STOVE POLISH and STOVE BRUSHES for sale cheap at

McLEAN & UHLER'S, 75 King street.

in the Congress of the U. S. at its next session, to occupy the position now held by Gen. Eppa Hunton, of Kentucky.

Mr. Neale is the gentleman who gave himself a severe blow upon the altar of the democratic conservative convention last held in Alexandria, that he might thereby unite and harmonize the party upon a gentleman who was nominated and elected to Congress for the third term; and to the credit of the nominee, Gen. Hunton, he said that he had promised the convention that he would not again be a candidate for this position, and that if Mr. Neale should be elected he would give him his hearty and earnest support.

It is unnecessary to say one word here in commendation of the noble and magnanimous sacrifice Mr. Neale then made; nor to detail the hearts of his friends as well as the friends of Gen. Hunton, and bound them to him with a threefold cord of affection, and how the silver tongued orator from the House of Representatives, Col. Blackburn, landed and praised him for this free will offering for the party and cause he so dearly loved, and said with more truth and prophetic than any man could say that he, Neale, would be the next representative to Congress from the 8th Congressional district; we believed him then and believe him now. Mr. Neale will then send a thrill of joy into every conservative heart in the district, and inspire afresh that confidence and hope, which filled the breasts of the thousands that fought so nobly for him in the past campaign, and clung to him with such undivided fidelity in that canvass. They will be aroused to fresh deeds of valor and toil his name with full assurance of success in the coming election in November next, (for they are legion.)

QUAD ESTAT.

Fairfax county, April 6.

SINGULAR ACCIDENT.—Mr. John I. Middleton, president of the Baltimore Corn and Flour Exchange, on Wednesday afternoon met with a severe accident at the new Canton elevator, where he and other gentlemen were on a visit with Mr. Joseph Nimmo, chief of the bureau of statistics at Washington. While the company were watching the unloading of a car of grain, Mr. Middleton stepped upon a coil of rope connected with the machinery of the shovel, in making its revolution the machinery pulled up the coil of rope, and Mr. Middleton was dragged upward by the left foot and hung suspended head downward. His friends quickly came